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the azure vault above, and the blue depth below, gave rise to a succession of the most singular ideas. It appeared after abstracting the surrounding foliage from the mind that we were suspended in the immense regions of space. The water is highly impregnated with decomposed limestone, which gives it that extremely transparent appearance which can only be accounted for by supposing that water impregnated with calcareous substances has much less refractive powers for light than water in a state of purity. The temperature of the water is very low, even in the warmest weather it has an icy appearance. It has however a nauseous taste by being highly impregnated with the sulphur of lime. On the northern side of this spring, a beautiful mock rises gently from the water. This is the site of the former English factory for the Indian trade, while this country was under the British crown, and afterwards the residence of the celebrated Armstrong, who was executed during the Seminole campaign. This fountain is fed from the subterranean sources which gush from the bowels of the earth with incredible force, rising in the centre with the velocity of boiling water. Some idea may be formed of the power with which it gushes from the earth, by its displaying a column of water more than 250 fathoms in height, and removing with violence the water on the surface. This spring is about twelve miles from St. Marks, and about twenty from the ocean.

#### MR. SUMMERFIELD.

It is said of the late Mr. S., that being asked by a bishop where he was born, he replied, "I was born in England, and born again in Ireland." "What do you mean?" inquired the bishop. "At first a master in Israel, and knowest not these things?" was the reply. Mr. Summerfield's first serious impressions began when going home one night from the card table. He was suddenly struck with the iniquity of his conduct. His heart labored with the most pungent conviction, but he was absolutely ashamed to disclose his feelings. While the hidden fire smoldered within, a Methodist class leader happened to suspect from his unwonted appearance, that something serious was working in his mind, and with characteristic vigilance and attention sought the cause of it, and found the young man in distress for his soul! He advised him to attend their class meeting, and perhaps he might obtain comfort; encouraging him to seek the Saviour of sinners. He did attend, and God met him in mercy, and made him a chosen vessel to bear salvation to thousands. Mr. Summerfield, says a writer in the Boston Recorder, stated one fact to me, which while it is very surprising, is very encouraging to those who may be tempted to despond under the influence of physical disabilities. He said, that when he was a boy, his speech was so much obstructed by a disagreeable lisp which grew with him, that he could scarcely deliver an errand from his mother to a neighbor so as to make himself intelligible. And yet who that has witnessed the sweet flow of eloquence from his lips, would ever have suspected this? He moreover said, that the first time he ventured to offer a prayer in public, was the time when he found he could speak without hesitation!

#### FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

"Some have at first, for wit, then erie, post,  
Turned auto's neck, and proved plain for is at."

In availing myself of your polite offer, Messrs. Editors, I shall not trespass so much upon your time and patience, as to notice the whole of the learned essay which adorned the columns of the last Saturday Evening Post, but shall content myself with offering to the readers of your paper, the following extract taken from the communication alluded to:

"I perceive in your modest communication, the tendency, Oh! I ask pardon, to have said generously, to present for the general government and practical reform, a feminine gender, through the medium of the Saturday Evening Post."

I must candidly confess, that this is a blessed passage, and one which defies the powers of my imagination to make the least use of, and shall be very much obliged to grand mama's pretty Fred's grand daughter Dorothy, to give me some clue, by means of which I may be able to find some of its beauties; if Dorothy will confer so great a favour upon "your old Correspondent," as to give him some account of what took place between Edwin and herself, so that he may be able to discover its beauties, he will consider himself for ever obliged to her.

EDWIN.

Mr. Carter's interesting letters from England, published in the *New-York Statesman*, afford great pleasure to the general reader, and we have regretted that our limits have prevented us from making copious selections from the columns of that publication. We were struck with the following anecdote; and as we happen to be acquainted with the fact, which appears to be involved in some uncertainty in England, we have thought fit to mention the name of the gentleman whose admiration of the genius of White induced him to erect a monument to his memory.

We called at the Church of All Saints, to visit the tomb of Henry Kirk White. He was buried in the chancel, under an obscure and humble stone, bearing no other inscription than his own name. A year or two since, one of our countrymen, whose name could not be ascertained on inquiry, visited the church on the same errand as ourselves, and finding no monument to the memory of a young man, so highly esteemed for his talents and virtues, directed a white marble slab to be placed upon the wall, ornamented with a portrait, in relief, of the unfortunate poet, and inscribed with the following lines:

"From with fond hope, and learning's sacred flame,  
To Grant's bowers the youthful poet came;  
He conquered powers th' immortal mind displayed,  
But, worn with anxious thought, the frame decay'd.  
Fate of his lamp, and in his cell red,  
The martyr student faded and expired.  
Oh! genius, taste, and pety sincere,  
Too early lost amidst studies too severe!  
Foremost to mourn was gen'rous Southey seen:  
He told the tale, and shew'd what White had been."

It told in vain: for o'er the Atlantic wave,  
A wanderer came, and sought the poet's grave;  
On low lone, he saw his lonely name,  
And read this fond memorial to his fame."  
These lines were written by Mr. Walter Smith, of St. Johns College. The tablet has no other inscription, except the date of White's birth in 1785, and of his death in 1806. It was erected by Chantrey, who will probably be able to inform us at whose expense it was erected. Such a liberal act, paying a just tribute to genius and worth, made us proud of our country. The reader will recollect Byron's beautiful Eulogy, in the English Bards and Scotch Reviewers.

By Mr. F. Boott, of Boston.—*Denton E. Gaz.*

#### COMMODORE M'DONOUGH.

The third star of the second century has disappeared from all mortal vision. M'Donough died on board the brig *Edwin*, the 10th ult., on his passage from Gibraltar to Philadelphia, accompanied by his son. He literally waded to the bane, not weighing, when he died, more than 60 pounds! His departure was unattended by any visible struggle; and he died, as he lived in a spirit of exalted resignation. Consumption, that universal and irresistible de-

stroyer, has triumphed over the brave and good, making nought, the bravery of the hero, but we trust perfecting and rewarding the eminent virtue of the man and the christian. On the ocean, far from the dear land which he so loved, and for which he had done so much, and so nobly, he yielded up his breath, leaving his body to his native earth, and the glory of his name an imperishable legacy to his country. The Commodore has left five children—four sons and a daughter. His wife died a few months since, at Middletown, Conn.

"There is a tear for all who die,  
A mourner o'er the humblest grave;  
But nations swell the funeral cry,  
And triumph weeps above the brave!"

On the arrival of the remains of the gallant Commodore M'Donough, at New-York, on Sunday, Commodore Chanmery immediately had the body conveyed to the Navy Yard, and placed on board the Steam Frigate *Polya*, to await the directions of Doctor Taylor, to whom the deceased gave directions as to his funeral.

The following Circular has been issued by the Secretary of the Navy to the Commandants of the different Navy Yards, Stations, and Squadrons:

Navy Department, 29th Nov. 1825.  
Sir: Captain Thomas Macdonough died on the 10th of this month, off the Capes of the Delaware, on his return from active service in the Mediterranean.

It is proper that a tribute of respect be paid to the memory of a man whose services were so useful to his country, and who so eminently united in himself the best qualities of a citizen with the highest reputation as an officer.

You will, therefore, on the day after receiving this order, cause the flag to be hoisted at half-mast, and thirteen minute guns to be fired at 12 o'clock; and you will direct the officers under your command to wear capes on the left arm, for thirty days.

#### ON THE DEATH OF MACDONOUGH.

THE HERO OF CHAMPLAIN.  
By S. Osborn.

Brilliant as brief this mortal journey sped;  
A patriot's life fulfilled in one short day!  
It is enough! the voice of Heaven said—  
And called thy soul, mature for bliss, away.

When in thy suffering country's direst need,  
Thy banner waved victorious in the air,  
Thou didst impute to Heaven the glorious deed;  
That glory, multiplied, awaits thee there.

That glory, multiplied, awaits thee there.

#### EUROPEAN PARAGRAPHS.

Lord Cochrane has collected many valuable curiosities in South America. One of them, the dagger of Montezuma, his Lordship has presented to Sir Walter Scott.

Anne Moore, the prettiest, fasting woman, whose imposture made so much noise in 1807, recently died at Macclesfield, aged 76.

Jerusalem and Bethlehem have revolted in consequence of the extortion which the Pacha of Damascus has continued to have exercised towards them, by means of the governor of Jerusalem.

An imperial Russian Ukase has been issued compelling the clergy to conform in their dress to the ancient usages of the church.

Captain Parry, in consequence of the wreck of the *Fury*, has been compelled to return from his expedition to the Pole.

One of the London Morning papers says it is confidently reported that Mrs. Patterson, an American Lady of great beauty, is speedily to be united to the Marquis of Wellesley. [Mrs. P. was formerly of Baltimore, and wife of Jerome Bonaparte, from whom the Emperor Napoleon caused her to be divorced, on account of her plebeian blood, when he placed Jerome upon the throne of Westphalia.]

The great timber ship *Baron Renfrew*, arrived at Dover, on the 13th Oct. Several boats, with parties, went off to her. She was towed by large steam ships.

The large building in Gradwell-street, Liverpool, occupied by Messrs. Cropper, Benson & Co. merchants, and filled with nearly 2,700 bags of New-Orleans and Bengal Cotton, were destroyed by fire, on Sunday evening, 16th October. The premises were consumed in a few hours, and the cotton, which was worth nearly £40,000, either destroyed or damaged. It is singular, that within the last fortnight between 3,000 and 4,000 bags of Cotton have been destroyed in Liverpool, by fire.

General Bertrand, so well known for his attachment to Napoleon, is now building a very large cotton-spinning factory in the suburb of Macclesfield, at Lisle. It will cost 1,200,000 francs (about £48,000 sterling).

The Government at Napoli de Romania, has at length resolved to exchange the two Pichas, Ali and Selim, for the son of the Pacha of Moins, and Captain Jakko, who were taken by the Egyptians at Navarin.

At Constantinople every thing is tranquil, and the removal of the Sultan's Aga, known as the favorite of the Sultan, and that of the Aga of the Janissaries, have not yet produced any effect.

The packet ship *Stephania*, Capt. Pell, has arrived at New-York, from Havre, having sailed on the 28th October. Paris papers to the 24th inclusive, have been received. It was reported in the *Frankfort* papers, that Ibrahim Pacha had been assassinated by a nephew of Hassan Pacha, to revenge the death of his uncle, who was killed by Ibrahim. The letters from Zante, Corfu, Trieste and Venice which announce this event, state also, that the Egyptian troops at Navarin, were in a state of mutiny, being desirous of returning to Candia or their own country. The interior of the Moravia was lately evacuated, and the campaign in that quarter terminated in favor of the Greeks.

At Constantinople, on the 17th of Sept. a great excitement existed; the Janissaries and the populace were crying out against the Captain Pacha and Red-shed Pacha, commander of the Turkish army in Thessaly. At the last dates from Trieste, the merchants of that place were in a state of alarm, in consequence of news of the capture of near twenty Austrian vessels for attempting to infringe the blockade of the southern coast of Albania, which had been established by the Greek government. It is said the Greeks have succeeded in re-inforcing the garrison of Missolonghi, and that they have made several successful sorties against the besieging army. Small bodies of the Greeks and Turks continued to make war in North Othlia, and in several districts of Arcadia. The Albanian soldiers who were in the latter province, have returned to their homes.

A Trieste paper of Oct. 9th, asserts that the Greeks have ceded the Island of Paro, (which is opposite Hydra), to the Americans.

Gen. La Fayette had died at Paris with his family. He had been elected deputy of the Lower Seine, while his fellow citizens could elect candidates of their own choice. At Rouen, as at Havre, the M. La Fayette was accompanied by his family and some friends. At 5 o'clock they sat down to dinner; one health was only

drunk: it was that of the defender, the veteran of liberty in the two worlds. Towards eight in the evening a great number of citizens and females repaired to the rue de Croisse and its environs, where the house of M. Cabanon was situated, and notwithstanding the crowd which increased every minute, above all, when they perceived M. La Fayette on the balcony, the greatest tranquility reigned in the rue de Croisse and its environs, and a serenade given to the General was heard with perfect silence.

Between the sympathies, and the acclamations raised in honor of General La Fayette. It was then, that unperceived by the crowd, there arrived at the same time, by the two opposite extremities of the rue de Croisse, a detachment of the Garde Royale and a detachment of gendarmes. The garde royale, in this instance, as in others, conducted itself with a moderation and prudence, which unfortunately was not imitated by the gendarmes. The latter, in order to disperse peaceable citizens, who were meeting on the balcony, suddenly fired upon the women and children, uttered cries of terror; every one was seized with a panic, but the orders given to the gendarmes were so precise that they nevertheless continued their march. Many females were thrown down and murdered; a manufacturer of the city of Bolbec, an inhabitant of Rouen, 70 years of age, and many other persons received wounds more or less severe, and the whole assembly was put to flight by the sabres and bayonets of the gendarmes, who arrested many individuals.

Before their arrival, all had passed at Rouen as at Havre, but it was thought expedient at Rouen to interpose the police and an armed force; from this all the mischief has arisen. The authorities are unsatisfactory, and, nevertheless, the authorities at Rouen, seeing, as it must be taken, the necessity of justifying measures which had no necessity, inserted in the journal of the pretence a note, in which it is said that the "citizens groaned to see the tranquility menaced by the presence of a man whose sad celebrity connects itself with the most disastrous period of the revolution."

Notwithstanding the order which had been given to the innkeepers to let out horses to no one, M. La Fayette left Rouen early the following Saturday, escorted three leagues from the city, by a numerous and brilliant cavalcade, proud of having received his congratulations and farewells. It is thought that M. La Fayette will come to Paris at the end of the week.

A French gentleman of the name of Eynard, of Bathieu, has transmitted to the Greek Committee at Paris, from his own purse, the sum of thirty-one thousand francs, about six thousand dollars, as a contribution in aid of the Greek cause, and professed his readiness to give more, if more should be wanted. The amount of the Notes of the Bank of England in circulation on the 23d of September last, was estimated, at the semi-annual meeting of the Court of Proprietors, to be £18,200,000, equal, in round numbers, to eighty millions of dollars.

Sir Hudson Lowe, formerly Governor of St. Helena, is living in a very retired manner, in the neighborhood of Versailles.

From India.—The *Ann*, arrived at Salem, from Bombay, has brought papers to July 23. The British war continued, and the British were in general successful. Accounts from Arracan state that one of the Regiments (which is said to be not more unfortunate than others) has been reduced by sickness and death, from 1200 strong, to 330, while most of those who are not yet in hospitals, are miserably reduced in bodily strength and appearance.

The 49th is no better than two companies of effective men.

Letters are received from India, via England, stating that the Rev. Mr. Judson, and the other Missionaries, were released from their imprisonment among the natives, in April or May last, and that Mr. Judson was employed by the Burmese to intercede with the British for a peace.

#### WEEKLY COMPENDIUM.

Sergeant Clinetti, who was shot some days since, by a Drummer in the Navy Yard, died on Saturday last. Anderson Green, the person charged with the murder, has been surrendered to the Civil authorities, and is now in prison, waiting his trial at the next Court of Oyer and Terminer.

Four hundred and sixty eight tons of coal was shipped from Mount Carbon, in Schuylkill County, on the 11th to the 24th Nov.

It is denied that the Victuals of Philadelphia mean to refuse foreign notes of small denominations.

Mr. Anthony Finley, bookseller, has just published a very handsome and distinct pocket Map of the States of Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, compiled from the latest authorities.

The Circuit Court of the United States for this District adjourned on Saturday last, after a long and effective session, during which a great deal of highly important business has been transacted.

Some persons were standing near Browning's Ferry house, heard the 11th to the 24th Nov. and hastening to the head of Beck's upper road, they heard a man groan. On the start they found a blue coat, black silk vest, and walking stick, and in the coat pocket two keys, and a black kerchief marked L. B.

On Saturday, the jury in the case of the Commonwealth vs. William Hill, indicted for larceny, in taking from the house of Colonel Fairman of the firm of Murray, Draper, Fairman & Co. a book of bank-note specimens, returned a verdict of not guilty. This case excited considerable interest—the trial lasted nearly three days.

A Grand Transparent Orrery, is exhibited at the Philadelphia Museum every evening.

On Saturday afternoon last, a fine brig of about 270 tons burden, the property of Mr. Whitton Evans, was launched from the ship yard of Messrs. Eyre & Landell, Kensington.

A full rigged vessel with part of her cargo on board was also launched from one of the ship yards this week.

There are three seals exhibiting in the yard of the Black Bear, South Fifth near Market, which are deserving attention.

A man named Jerry James, last week, threw himself overboard, from the Steam Boat Chief Justice Marshall, in Hudson River, N. Y. and was drowned.

A writ in the New-Bedford Gazette is in favor of establishing a National Cemetery for those who render important services to the nation, to be located at the seat of the General Government, and to be denominated the Washington Abbey.

Arrangements are making in New-York for the republication of the whole of Mr. Owen's addresses, discourses, and other writings, from which he has gratuitously furnished.

The work will be printed in parts, on fine paper, at reduced prices.

It is proposed by Mr. Bickingham, the able and industrious editor of the *Galaxy*, and Boston Courier, to issue a semi-weekly paper.

It is stated in the New-England Farmer that baked Beans, a favourite Yankee dish, may be wonderfully improved by adding a table spoon full of molasses to each quart of beans at the time of putting them into the oven, and stirring the mixture.

A Mr. Bauman, of Simpson County, Kentucky, suspected of the assassination of Col. Shaker, has been arrested.

Friday week, being the anniversary of a military fete in New-York, by the British forces.

A fall of snow last week in Salem, Mass. gave a short but active employment to the sleighs.

The Mobile papers of the 1st ult. observe that citizens may now return to their homes with perfect safety, there having been several sharp frosts.

The Detroit Gazette announces a smoky atmosphere, in consequence of extensive fires being kindled. Thus from New-Brunswick to the lake of the woods, our country has been as it were guarded on the north by a wall of fire.

Governor Van Ness, of Vermont, declines a reelection; and there is a difficulty of obtaining a suitable candidate who will consent to serve.

McCully, convicted at New-York, of Man-slaughter, has been sentenced to thirty days solitary confinement, and ten years imprisonment at hard labor.

It is said in the Boston papers that the canal commissioners will report in favor of a canal from Boston to Connecticut river.

A quarry of gray marble of superior quality has been discovered on the land of Mr. Abraham Clark, on French Creek, in Virginia.

The keel of a seventy-four was laid down a few days since, at the Navy Yard, Washington.

A new bridge is erecting across the Susquehanna at Wilkesbarre, on the site of the one blown down two years ago. It is said to be an elegant structure combining beauty and strength.

On the 12th inst. Mathew Colson was executed at Jacksonboro, Ga. for the murder of a Mr. Fluke.

A committee of the Georgia Legislature, having investigated the affairs of the Darien bank, report, that it has sustained a loss, in bills and notes supposed of no value, and on real estate, of \$437,676 20. Besides the above actual loss, there is \$94,163 48 doubtful.

The Shakers of Centerville, N. H. who are so much celebrated for their good cider, do not make it until late in November. The apples are gathered as they fall, and are housed before grinding them every defective apple is culled out.

The Legislature of Rhode Island has 22 to 28 rejected the petition of Palmer Hines, to be spared the punishment of Cropping his ears.

Since the beginning of August no fewer than fifty mercantile failures have taken place in New-York, and about thirty in the southern cities connected with them, making in the short space of three months not far short of a hundred.

A canal boat, with a cargo on board worth \$60,000, was struck by a flaw of wind on Lake Champlain and sunk. Insure your boats and cargoes.

The Allentown "Frieden's Bothe" states, that Governor Shulze, has given to John Zimmerman, in the Orwig Prison, another respite of six months, namely until the first of June, 1826.

The Drudgeton Whig states that \$25,000 of the School Fund of New-Jersey were invested in stock in the Lombard and Protection Bank.

The Duke of Saxe Weimar arrived at Harper's Ferry, Va. on the 17th ult. and after visiting the Armory and other interesting objects, proceeded on his journey to the Natural Bridge, and thence through the south-western States.

The amount subscribed in Quebec, for private sources, up to the 14th ult. for the sufferers at Miramichi, was upwards of \$1000. Forty-four of the New-Brunswick sufferers, laboring men, had arrived at Quebec in search of employment.

Dr. Stewart, Chaplain to the late Lord Bishop, has been consecrated Bishop of the Church of England of Lower Canada, in the room of the late Rev. Jacob, Lord Bishop of Quebec; and is soon expected from London.

The experiment of boring for water is still continued by Mr. Tindell at Harper's Ferry, Va. His rods have reached a depth of 193 feet, and he has been for some days working in a stream of water though not of sufficient power to force itself to the surface.

The citizens of Niagara county, (N. Y.) have determined to petition the Legislature, for a further grant of money and power, to make a canal for sloops instead of boats round the Falls of Niagara.

A society has been formed in Wisconsin (Me.) each member to pay one dollar annually, to every widow of deceased members.

It is stated in the Richmond Whig, that James Monroe, Butler Bassett, John Tyler, Peter V. Daniel, and Joseph Cabell, Esqrs. are mentioned as fit persons to succeed Mr. Pleasant as governor of Virginia, his constitutional term of service expiring with the present year.

The last number of the United States Literary Gazette, which is published every two weeks, contains, in its list of New Publications, of that period, fifty-two distinct works, which make up five volumes—of these thirty-six are American works.

The philanthropic Wm. Maclure, of Philadelphia, has just presented several hundred beautiful specimens of European Minerals, and some valuable French Works, to the Monumental School of Boston, Mass. as a testimony of his regard for every attempt to improve the defective modes of education.

The Branch Bank of the United States at New-York and other banks of that city, are said to have extended their discounts considerably, and thus afforded material relief to the merchants and others, who suffered from the temporary pressure.

A meeting has been held at Pottsville, Pa. to take into consideration a plan for opening a communication between Pottsville and the Susquehanna by rail road or other means.

The editor of the Rutland (Vt.) Herald, says he has been presented with a potato, this season measuring nineteen and an half inches in circumference.

Major General Gaines, and suite have arrived at Washington.

It is said that a silver mine has just been discovered on the lands of William Gillespie, Esq. on Black Creek, in Bath County, Virginia.

One hundred pounds of ore, it is calculated, will yield 25 pounds of silver.

A church bell of steel has been made in Cincinnati. It is in the form of a three sided pyramid, the mouth being triangular. It is supposed to be an improvement on common bells, both in shape and material.

The Provincial Legislature of Lower Canada is further prorogued to the third of January next.

The Legislature of Vermont adjourned on the 19th ult. after a session of five weeks.

The Light House on Pool's Island, near the head of the Chesapeake Bay, was illuminated for the first time on the night of the 27th ult.

Sixteen sail of vessels, with full cargoes, left Buffalo on the 21st ult. for the different parts of Pennsylvania, Ohio and Michigan.

The house of Messrs. Rothschild has undertaken to build a Jew's Hospital, with furniture, etc. at the expense of about 100,000 florins, and to endow it with an annual revenue of 3000 florins.

The Fulfilling Mill, Carding Machines, &c. at Eayrestown, near Mount-Holly, N. J. were destroyed by fire, on Thursday week. A large quantity of Cloth, which was in the Mill, was saved. The property we understand, belonging to Mr. Peal, of Philadelphia.

hand is absent in parts unknown, drowned her daughter, aged 13, and an orphan niece aged 5 years, and afterwards drowned herself, in consequence of her needy circumstances.

A disease which has prevailed during the summer, about the vicinity of Port Gibson, Mississippi, towards the close of last month, assumed a worse aspect. It is a swelling of the eye-ball, which, in some instances, has increased even to bursting, sometimes affecting one eye only, at other times both eyes. It sometimes goes through a family.

Last week there was a violent whirlwind in Bradford, (Mass.) occasioned, as it is supposed, by the sudden meeting of two black clouds. It carried away one side of the roof of a barn 100 feet long, belonging to David How, Esq. on the Ellwell farm, and tore up 20 or 30 apple trees. It did not go a great distance, but spent its force within the very limited space of a few acres.

Five persons have been tried and found guilty at the recent session of York county, Penn. court, for causing a riot at a camp meeting for religious worship. The jury found them guilty, and the court fined them twenty dollars each, for the use of the county, in addition to the costs of prosecution.

The New-Orleans Gazette of the 24th ult. informs that the great revolution in the price of cotton has affected the solidity of many mercantile houses. It is however stated, that by affording to the sufferers the free exercise of their powers of favour and a common share of public confidence, they may succeed in protecting their credit.

The lead Mines of Missouri cover an area of more than 8000 square miles, and are said to be the most extensive on the globe. The ore is of the richest and purest kind, and exists in quantities sufficient to supply the whole United States. The number of mines is 165, in which more than 1100 men are employed, producing annually 3,000,000 pounds of the metal, valued at \$120,000.

A piece of green glass, laid flat on a book will be of the utmost benefit to those who are troubled with weak sight; particularly to those who wish to read, but who are often in the most interesting parts, perhaps obliged reluctantly to leave off. A piece of fine clear green glass, about the size of a royal octavo page, will be found of infinitely more assistance than green spectacles.

By the annual Catalogue, it appears that the whole number of pupils connected with the Harvard University, is 407. Of these, 10 are candidates for the ministry; 25 students of theology; 10 law students; 127 medical students; members of the senior class, 53; of the junior class, 54; of the sophomore class, 56; and of the freshman class, 71; besides one graduate who resides for the purposes of general education.

The ship *Swift*, Arthur, has recently landed at the port of Nantucket more than three thousand barrels of spermaceti oil, making nearly one hundred thousand gallons. This is undoubtedly the largest cargo of Spermaceti Oil ever carried into any port in the known world, and is worth about eighty thousand dollars.

The *Swift* was about but little more than twenty-eight months.

A party of Chiefs, Representatives of the Creek Nation of Indians, have reached Washington city, and others are expected. They are composed, it is believed, of those who were opposed to the treaty which has been the subject of so much controversy, and their visit at this moment, it is presumed, has relation to that affair.

A letter from Lagayra of Nov. 1, received in this city, states that the yellow fever and black vomit were raging with all their fury at Puerto Cabello, and foreigners were dying like flies. The writer adds—"There is nothing to be seen but the sick burying the dead. I am afraid we shall have some of it here. The rainy weather, we have experienced for the last fortnight, has produced some cases, but, as yet, none of any danger."

The arrest of Gen. Gaines, which it will be remembered was demanded of the President by Gov. Troup, has, as we learn from the Governor's message, been refused. The President disapproved, as it appears, that language used by General Gaines in his letter to Gov. Troup, but declines to arrest him, inasmuch as the Governor had set him the example of off-nice language.

*Horre Radon*.—One draclm of the fresh scraped root of this plant, infused with four ounces of water in a close vessel, for two hours and made into syrup with double its weight of sugar is an approved receipt for removing hoarseness. A tea spoonful of this has often proved suddenly effectual.

The celebrated race horse Eclipse, that won the 20,000, against the Southern horse Henry, two years since, has been purchased by a gentleman of Hoboken, New-Jersey, for \$10,000; the object of the purchaser is exclusively for the improvement of the breed of horses.

The Weibull Bank has stood a hard siege, in consequence of the suspicions created by the failure of the Protection and Lombard.

A run was made upon the bank, and out of \$72,000 afloat, the bank promptly redeemed \$45,000, and is prepared to redeem the whole, if necessary.

The first session of the 19th Congress of the United States, will convene at Washington, on Monday, the 5th of December next. A large portion of both Houses, will consist of new members. The most important act on commencing in the house of representatives is, the choice of a Speaker.

Mr. Taylor, of New-York, Mr. McLane, of Delaware, Mr. Markley, of Pennsylvania, and Mr. Webster, of Massachusetts, are spoken of as candidates.

A cavern has lately been discovered in Granby, (Conn.) about a mile from the meeting house. A tree had been turned up, which had two large perpendicular roots, on one of which was seen a hinge, where a door seemed formerly to have hung; inside, were two human statues cut either in wood or the earth, 1760 engraved in one or two places, and several articles apparently having remained in the same situation many years.

A number of men who had been on a chopping (wood) frolic in Spring Township, in Centre county, Pa. retiring in the evening to their cabin in the woods, where some of them indulged in too much liquor, in the night the cabin took fire, and several were injured.

One man, James Short, an Irishman, was literally roasted alive, he was dragged out of the flames, but expired in a short time.

A civilized Choctaw, named Pitchly, has addressed a sensible letter to Mr. Barbour, Secretary of War, whom he appropriately calls their "guardian and friend," on the subject of the education of the twenty-one Indian youth. He expresses himself well satisfied with Col. Johnson's arrangements for the mental improvement of these sons of the forest, voluntarily committed to his care.

*Glass*.—In this business, says the Pittsburgh Gazette, the manufacturers in Pittsburgh, and the Western counties of Pennsylvania, possess great and peculiar advantages—advantages sufficient, perhaps, to secure them against competition elsewhere. Of fuel, of which such an immense consumption is required in the manufacture, our mines of mineral coal furnish them a cheap and inexhaustible supply; pearl ashes are procured in the north of Ohio nearest to a lead, used in making the flint glass, is, from our position on the river, procured from the mines without land carriage; all the other materials are found in our neighborhood. Our window glass is now vended in all parts of the Union, from Maine to New-Orleans, and can be afforded in the Eastern Cities, at a less price than the imported glass. And our readers



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